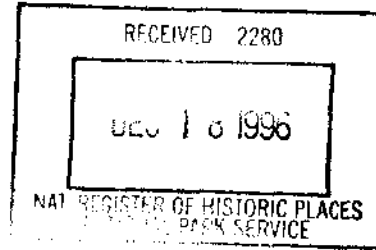


United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service



National Register of Historic Places
Registration Form

1. Name of Property

historic name Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence

other names/site number n/a

2. Location

street & number 305 S. Cherry Street [n/a] not for publication

city or town Keytesville [n/a] vicinity

state Missouri code MO county Chariton code 041 zip code 65261

3. State/Federal Agency Certification

As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended, I hereby certify that this nomination request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant nationally statewide locally.
(See continuation sheet for additional comments [].)

Signature of certifying official/title *Claire F. Blackwell* 11 December 1996
Claire F. Blackwell/Deputy SHPO Date

Missouri Department of Natural Resources
State or Federal agency and bureau

In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria.
(See continuation sheet for additional comments [].)

Signature of certifying official/Title

State or Federal agency and bureau

4. National Park Service Certification

- I hereby certify that the property is:
- entered in the National Register
See continuation sheet [].
- determined eligible for the
National Register
See continuation sheet [].
- determined not eligible for the
National Register.
- removed from the
National Register
- other, explain
See continuation sheet [].

Signature of the Keeper *Edson H. Beal* Date 1-16-97

5 Classification

Ownership of Property	Category of Property	Number of Resources within Property	
		Contributing	Noncontributing
<input type="checkbox"/> private	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> building(s)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> public-local	<input type="checkbox"/> district	1	0
<input type="checkbox"/> public-State	<input type="checkbox"/> site		
<input type="checkbox"/> public-Federal	<input type="checkbox"/> structure	0	0
	<input type="checkbox"/> object		
		0	0
		0	0
		1	0

Name of related multiple property listing.

N/A

Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register.

N/A

6 Function or Use

Historic Function

Government/correctional facility

Domestic/single dwelling

Current Functions

Vacant

7 Description

Architectural Classification

Queen Anne

Materials

foundation Sandstone
 walls Brick

roof Slate
 other Wood
 Iron

Narrative Description

(Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

8. Statement of Significance

Applicable National Register Criteria

A Property is associated with events that have made a significant contribution to the broad patterns of our history

B Property is associated with the lives of persons significant in our past.

C Property embodies the distinctive characteristics of a type, period, or method of construction or represents the work of a master, or possesses high artistic values, or represents a significant and distinguishable entity whose components lack individual distinction.

D Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, information important in prehistory or history.

Criteria Considerations

Property is:

A owned by a religious institution or used for religious purposes.

B removed from its original location.

C a birthplace or grave.

D a cemetery.

E a reconstructed building, object, or structure.

F a commemorative property.

G less than 50 years of age or achieved significance within the past 50 years.

Narrative Statement of Significance

(Explain the significance of the property on one or more continuation sheets.)

9. Major Bibliographic References

Bibliography

(Cite the books, articles and other sources used in preparing this form on one or more continuation sheets.)

Previous documentation on file (NPS):

- preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested
- previously listed in the National Register
- previously determined eligible by the National Register
- designated a National Historic Landmark
- recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey

 recorded by Historic American Engineering Record

Areas of Significance

Politics/Government

Law

Periods of Significance

1907 to 1946

Significant Dates

N/A

Significant Person(s)

N/A

Cultural Affiliation

N/A

Architect/Builder

Hoel, H.W./Arrington, A.F.;
and Hancock, W.W.

Primary location of additional data:

- State Historic Preservation Office
- Other State Agency
- Federal Agency
- Local Government
- University
- Other:

Name of repository: Missouri State Historical Society

10. Geographical Data

Acreeage of Property less than one acre

UTM References

A. Zone	Easting	Northing	B. Zone	Easting	Northing
15	505020	4364610			
C. Zone	Easting	Northing	D. Zone	Easting	Northing

[] See continuation sheet

Verbal Boundary Description

(Describe the boundaries of the property on a continuation sheet.)

Boundary Justification

(Explain why the boundaries were selected on a continuation sheet.)

11. Form Prepared By

name/title see continuation sheet
organization _____ date _____
street & number _____ telephone _____
city or town _____ state _____ zip code _____

Additional Documentation

Submit the following items with the completed form:

Continuation Sheets

Maps

A **USGS map** (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.

A **Sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources.

Photographs

Representative **black and white photographs** of the property.

Additional Items

(Check with the SHPO or FPO for any additional items)

Property Owner

(Complete this item at the request of SHPO or FPO.)

name Charlton County Court
street & number 306 S. Cherry - Courthouse telephone 816/288-3273
city or town Keytesville state MO zip code 65261

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet

Section 7 Page 1

Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence
Chariton County, MO

Summary: The Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence, 305 South Cherry Street, Keytesville, Chariton County, is a two and a half story, red brick, building with Queen Anne detailing and affinities. Its brick walls of the building are laid in a common bond pattern, while the foundation is sandstone. Its high hipped roof with lower cross gables is finished with slate shingles, the chimney is brick, and all decorative elements, cornices, porches, and window frames are wood. Bays project on the east and south elevations, and the two main entrances--into the sheriff's living quarters and his office--are sheltered by small, hipped roof porches. Constructed in the style of the comfortable residence of a small town entrepreneur, the building's official function was initially betrayed only by the large, two story cell block on the rear, or west elevation. In 1970, the jail was expanded with a one story block addition on the north elevation of the cell block. Despite this addition, the original building remains largely unaltered and retains its essential integrity of design, materials, and workmanship.

Narrative: The facade, or eastern elevation, of the Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence faces Cherry Street and the Chariton County Courthouse. This elevation is dominated by a projecting gable on the north end of the elevation; hipped roof porches shelter the entrances on this elevation to the sheriff's living quarters and, on the east elevation of the south projecting bay, the sheriff's office.¹ Large, single, one-over-one windows are centered on each level of the east projecting bay, while a smaller single window is centered in the shingled gable end of the bay; a concrete lintel is set above the first floor window, as well as above all first floor windows on the original building. A single two-over-two window is located to the south of the entrance to the sheriff's living quarters, while two similar windows are symmetrically placed above the porch which covers the entrance; wrought iron posts support this larger porch, while the smaller porch over the entrance to the office retains a turned post and balustrade.

On the south elevation, set close to the projecting bay there are single two-over-two windows in the main block of the building on each level. On the south projecting bay, a single large one-over-one window is centered on the first floor, while the two-over-two window above is located in the west half of the second floor; the windows in this bay are barred, reflecting later use of the residence as cells. On the north elevation of the original building, there are four sets of asymmetrically placed windows on each level. The second window to the west on each level is a smaller, one-over-one sash. The larger windows are each two-over-two.

The rear, or west, elevation is dominated by the two story, rectangular cell block. Covered by a hipped roof, the cell block is slightly recessed on both its north and south ends and is seated slightly lower than the front portion of the building which housed the sheriff's residence. The cell block lacks the Victorian embellishments which distinguish the residential portion of the building and all windows are barred. On its south elevation, three windows asymmetrically arranged pierce each level. A single window is centered on each level on the west elevation. On the north elevation, a one story block addition obscures the first level; two windows are asymmetrically placed on the second level. The block addition, added to 1970 to house a kitchen, extends north beyond the original block of the

¹The floor of the porch at the entrance into the living quarters is a filled concrete slab; the floor of the porch at the entrance to the office is wood.

**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section 7 Page 2

Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence
Chariton County, MO

building and, on its north elevation, is entered by two doors, one at ground level on the east end of the elevation--this provides access to the basement--and the second centered in the elevation and reached by two sets of concrete steps; a single one-over-one aluminum window is located in the western third of this elevation. On the west elevation of the addition, a single window is placed.

The sheriff's office and cell areas comprise the two floors on the southern and western sides of the building. In this layout the sheriff's office and maximum security areas are on the first floor. An exterior door on the east is the only original entrance to the sheriff's office into the jail area. Said maximum security area was originally designed as a "pen" with four six foot six inch square cells surrounded by a perimeter and central walk-way. The second floor of this jail area layout consists of a large trustees room and a smaller women's/juvenile's cell area. Access to this second floor jail area is gained via an iron staircase original to the building, (12 steps with 8 inch rise and 8 inch run) along the north wall of the sheriff's office. All doors, window bars, and cell walls in the jail areas are solid iron, and all interior walls are one foot thick brick.

The adjoining two story sheriff's residence is situated on the eastern and northern sides of the jail building proper, and is only separated from the jail area by one foot thick brick walls. The sheriff's residence was originally only entered through an exterior door on the east. The first floor of the sheriff's residence consists of three rooms: kitchen, dining room, and living room (a short, narrow hall connects the kitchen and dining room). A staircase from the living room leads to the three bedrooms upstairs. The sheriff's residence area still retains its' original yellow pine hardwood flooring, windows, raised-panel doors, pocket doors, and five inch wide yellow pine molding. There is a full basement under the sheriff's residence. Access to the basement is gained via a staircase from the kitchen. The basement consists of two large rooms divided by a one foot thick brick wall with an arched doorway. There are three small basement windows - one on each of the southern, eastern, and northern sides.

In 1970 a concrete block room addition was constructed on the northwest corner of the jail building proper. Its rear exterior western wall is flush with the exterior western wall of the jail building; it also uses the original exterior northern brick wall of the maximum security area as its' southern wall. This addition serves as the prison kitchen and has two exterior doors - one on the west and one on the north. The addition also access to the sheriff's kitchen via a door between the two rooms.

The Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence was designed to serve two purposes in one building - house prisoners and provide shelter for the current sheriff. The building was used to serve these functions from the time of its construction in 1907 until the early 1970s when the sheriff chose to no longer reside in the building. Thus, beginning in the 1970s and continuing until 1996 when the Chariton County Court completed construction on the new Chariton County jail, the sheriff's residence and basement were utilized by the jail for the extra space they could provide to house more prisoners.

Interior alterations to the original building on the first floor that were made beginning in the 1970's and that can be seen today include two doorways cut between the original sheriff's office and the original sheriff's kitchen and living room. Also the sheriff's kitchen was converted to a visitor area, and in the first floor cell block the northern perimeter walk-way was converted into a shower and the two northern cells and the southwestern cell and center walk-way were opened to each other and the northern walk-

United States Department of the Interior
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National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet

Section 7 Page 3

Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence
Chariton County, MO

way and the sliding bar doors along this center walk-way were replaced with sheet metal. The southeast window in the first floor cell was closed and a television shelf was placed over it.

The second floor jail area, although cosmetically damaged and abused by prisoners has largely remained unaltered with only two main exceptions - one being plumbing installation and the other being the conversion of two cells in what was originally used as the female/juvenile ward into one cell. The saw marks can be seen where this piece of metal was removed to enlarge the cell area.

The basement walls have been painted and an exterior doorway was cut in the northwest corner with stairs leading to the exterior entrance on the northeast corner of the 1970s kitchen addition. The changes were made because the basement was used as a visitor area in the 1970s and 1980s. In the 1990s with the visitor area in the original sheriff's kitchen in operation, the basement was used to house an extremely troublesome prisoner.

In 1994 Chariton County citizens voted to build a new county jail with the capability and technology needed for housing a larger number of prisoners and if need be federal prisoners. This jail was completed in 1995 and is located just south of the old jail. The Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence has been vacant since January 1996 and is slated for demolition by the Chariton County Court by the end of the year. Current plans call for the site to be used as a parking lot.

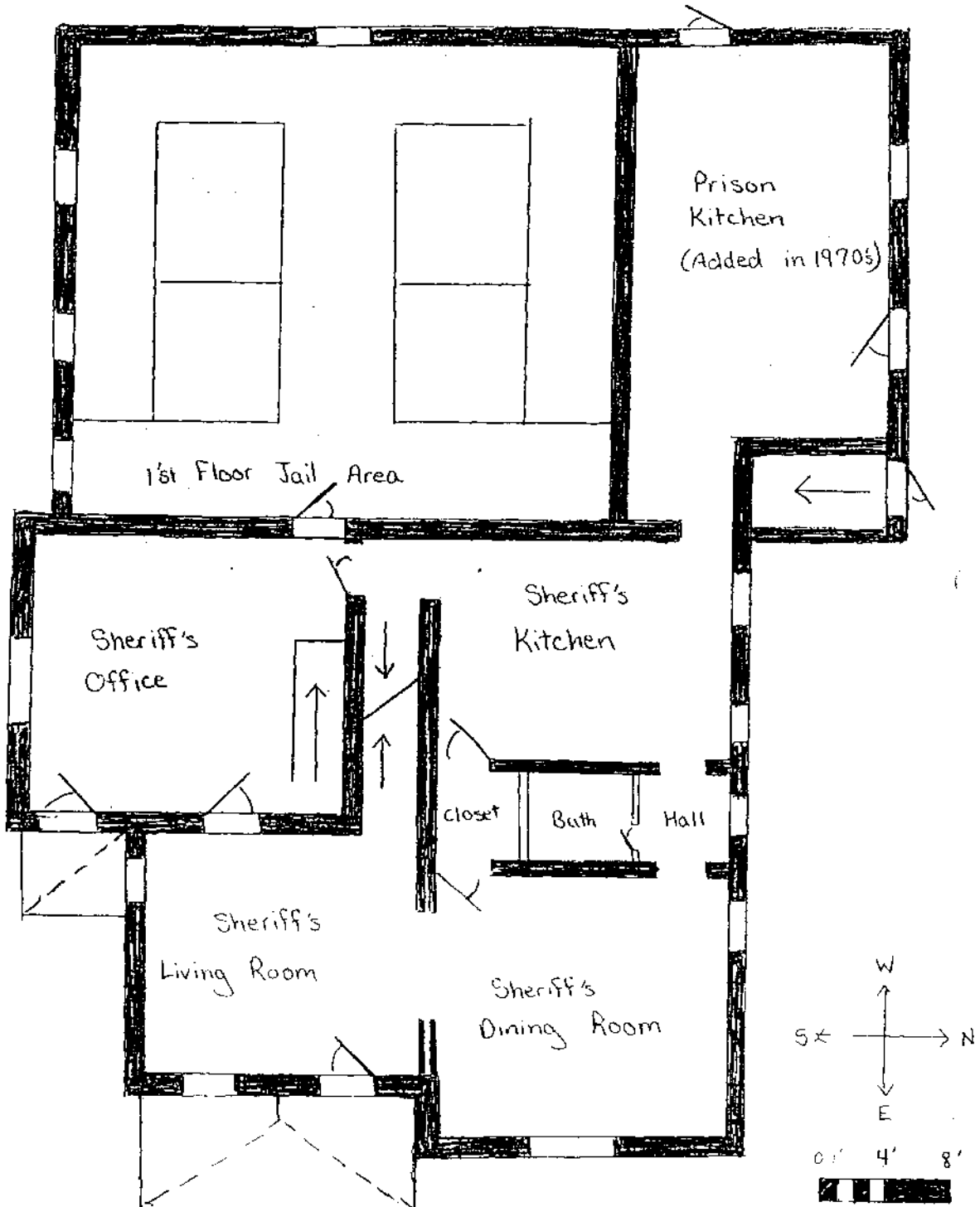
United States Department of the Interior
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National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet

Section 7 Page 4

Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence
Chariton County, MO

FIRST FLOOR OF THE CHARITON COUNTY JAIL AND SHERIFF'S RESIDENCE.



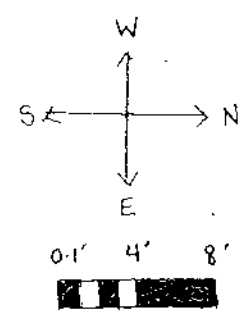
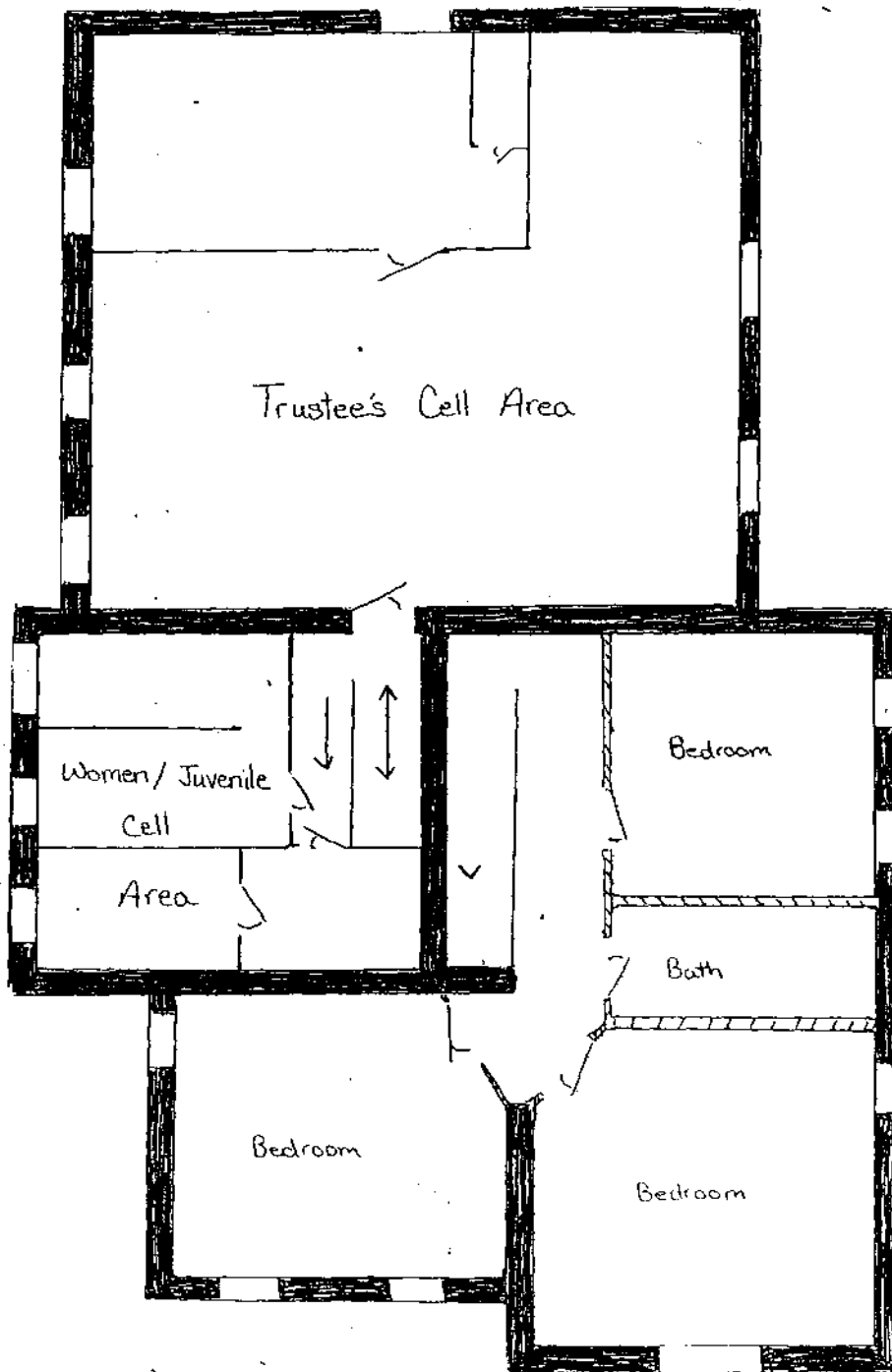
United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

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Continuation Sheet

Section 7 Page 5

Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence
Chariton County, MO

SECOND FLOOR JAIL AREA OF THE CHARITON COUNTY JAIL AND SHERIFF'S RESIDENCE.



**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section 8 Page 6

Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence
Chariton County, MO

Summary: The Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence, 305 S. Cherry Street, Keytesville, Chariton County, is significant under Criterion A in the areas of Politics/Government and Law. The building was constructed in 1906-1907 after the Chariton County Court decided to have the county's first jail razed due to its deterioration. The Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence is the county's second correctional/detention facility and has been the only such center in the county since its construction. It was used solely for the purposes of housing inmates and providing shelter for the resident sheriff and his family. Its period of significance extends from the completion of the building in 1907 to 1946, the arbitrary fifty year limit; the building actually continued to be used as both a residence and jail until approximately 1975, when the sheriff chose to live in his own home. Apparently the practice of combining a sheriff's or jailer's residence with jail was prevalent in the late nineteenth century. According to former Ripley County Sheriff Jim Featherston, that practice began in the South just after the Civil War and gradually spread north. By combining the county jail with living quarters for a sheriff or jailer, one man was able to provide law enforcement for the largely rural population of many Missouri counties.² The persistence of the practice in Chariton County is unsurprising; the county is located within the area historically known as Little Dixie, settled largely people of southern ancestry. Since the destruction in 1973 of the 1865 courthouse, the Chariton County Jail is also the earliest surviving building which represents the political and governmental history of the county. Ten combination jails and sheriff's quarters are currently listed in the National Register of Historic Places in Missouri.³

Narrative: Keytesville, the county seat of Chariton county, was founded in 1832 by James Keyte, an Englishman. Keyte donated land on which the courthouse and other public buildings were constructed in 1833. This first courthouse and several buildings were burned by bushwhackers during the Civil War. The second courthouse, built in 1865, was accidentally burned in 1973 during exterior paint removal process while undergoing renovation. This land which Keyte donated and where the county's

² Jerry Ponder and Steven E. Mitchell, "Ripley County Jail, Sheriff's Office and Sheriff's Residence," National Register of Historic Places Registration Form, 1991 (copy on file in Missouri Cultural Resources Inventory, Jefferson City, MO).

³ The combination jails and sheriff's quarters, their dates of construction, and their dates of listing in the National Register are:

- Carroll County Sheriff's Quarters and Jail. Constructed 1878; NRHP 1979.
- Cole County Courthouse and Jail-Sheriff's House. Constructed 1896; NRHP 1973.
- Daviess County Rotary Jail and Sheriff's Residence. Constructed 1888; NRHP 1989.
- Iron County Courthouse Buildings. Jail and residence constructed circa 1866-1867; NRHP 1979.
- Jackson County Jail and Marshal's House. Constructed circa 1860; NRHP 1970.
- Laclede County Jail. Jail constructed 1876; residence added 1913; NRHP 1980.
- Ralls County Courthouse and Jail-Sheriff's House. Constructed 1869; NRHP 1972.
- Ripley County Jail, Sheriff's Office and Sheriff's Residence. Constructed 1899; NRHP 1991.
- Vernon County Jail, Sheriff's House and Office. Constructed circa 1870; NRHP 1977.

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Continuation Sheet

Section 8 Page 7

Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence
Chariton County, MO

two previous and current courthouse now stands is located on the western edge of the town of Keytesville, and over looks the Mussel Fork Creek bottom land to the west.⁴

In October 1905, the Chariton County court decided that the county's jail, located in what is now General Sterling Price Park in Keytesville, was in disrepair and needed to be razed. It was decided by the court that the new jail was to be located next to the courthouse in Block 13, recently purchased by the court. O.P. Ray was appointed by the court to act as superintendent of the jail construction and bring the court a jail design that could be built for \$11,000 or less, as this money would come from the county revenue and not from any type of tax levy or from the sale of bonds.⁵

During the following months the court rejected several jail plans on the grounds that they would cost more than \$11,000 to construct. Finally in March 1906 the court accepted a plan for a combination jail and sheriff's residence submitted by H.W. Hoel, an architect from St. Louis. Viewers of Hoel's plan were quoted as saying that it, "is a beauty and that a building on these lines will be a credit to the County."⁶

By June of 1906, O.P. Ray entered into a contract with A. F. Arrington of Keytesville and W. W. Hancock for the cells for the new jail and at a sum of \$4,225. Ray also contracted John E. Fuqua of Keytesville for work, material, and a heating apparatus for \$6,700. At that time Ray also resigned as superintendent and was replaced by John Chivers.⁷

On June 22, 1906, Keytesville's Chariton Courier reported extensively and enthusiastically on the progress of construction on the new jail:

Work is being pushed on the new county jail, which is being erected on the lots west of the courthouse at a cost of \$10,925. The structure will be two stories high, both in the residence and the jail portions. The lower floor of the residence will contain four rooms and the upper story four, one of which is a bathroom, beside a department for female prisoners consisting of two cells and two bunks. There will be four cells for male prisoners and six bunks, furnishing sleeping quarters for two prisoners to a bunk. Only these four cells and six bunks will be put in for the present in the lower story of the jail, but a like number will be arranged for in the upper story. In the basement of the residence portion will be installed a steam-heating apparatus.

⁴ Pictorial and Biographical Publishing Co., Historical, Pictorial and Biographical Record of Chariton County, Missouri (Salisbury, MO: Press-Spectator Steam Print, 1896), p. 155.

⁵ The Chariton Courier, October 20, 1905, p. 1.

⁶ The (Salisbury) Press-Spectator, March 16, 1906.

⁷ The Chariton Courier, June 1, 1906.

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Continuation Sheet

Section 8 Page 8

Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence
Chariton County, MO

The walls are to be built of brick, faced with Kansas City hydraulic pressed brick and will be laid on a foundation of rock and cement.

The stone work will be of rubble masonry.

The work is being superintended by John Chivers. The contract for the residence and heating apparatus was let to John E. Fuqua of Keytesville for \$6,700 and the cell and iron work to A.F. Arrington of Keytesville for \$3,225.

It will be a splendid structure throughout and will afford a comfortable home for the high sheriff of the county and will furnish humans as well a safe quarter for those of the county who persist in fracturing the state laws.⁸

In November 1906, O.P. Ray was appointed by the county court to sell the real estate the old jail sat on for \$1,200 with the condition that the old jail's outbuildings could be moved to the site for the new jail and that the old jail would not be razed until the new jail was completed.⁹ In early May 1907, John E. Fuqua and Company began to move said outbuildings to the new jail and in August 1907 the court received \$1,200 for the sale of the old jail property.¹⁰ (None of these outbuildings are extant.)

The sheriff and his family cared for the prisoners by cooking their meals and doing their laundry. The bathroom on the second floor of the sheriff's residence was allowed to be used for the hygiene purposes of the prisoners under guarded supervision on a rotational basis. The sheriff also had deputies to assist him and assume his duties when he had to be gone. Being located next to the county's courthouse, prisoners were simply escorted across the street when they had court appearances. The sheriff or one of his deputies served as bailiff at such times. The Chariton County jail was used by neighboring counties, especially Linn County to the north, to house their extra or troublesome prisoners. Trustee prisoners, under guard, were allowed to assist in the up-keep of the jail by cleaning, doing repair work, and mowing the lawn.¹¹

The combination Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence was completed in 1907 and continued to be used as such until 1975 when the sheriff chose to reside in his own house. With the departure of the sheriff and his family, the former residential quarters were used for additional cell space, offices, and visitor areas. Also following the departure of the sheriff, in the early 1970s, a concrete block kitchen addition was added and a full time cook was hired to prepare meals for prisoners, a duty

⁸The Chariton Courier, June 22, 1906.

⁹The Chariton Courier, November 23, 1906, p. 2.

¹⁰The Chariton Courier, May 10, 1907, p. 8; and The Press-Spectator, August 16, 1907.

¹¹Interview with Jon Weaver, Deputy Sheriff at the Chariton County Jail 1971 through 1975.

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Continuation Sheet

Section 8 Page 9

Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence
Chariton County, MO

formerly handled by the sheriff's family. The jail continued to be used to house increasing numbers of prisoners in a finite space until 1994 when, after numerous inmate escapes, the county court decided that the building was unsafe in regard to protecting the lives of the citizens and personnel from the inmates and that the building's facilities no longer complied with governmental regulations concerning living requirements for inmates. A county tax was levied and a new, modern jail capable of housing federal prisoners, if necessary, was constructed just south of the old jail. In January 1996, the prisoners and personnel moved to the new jail and the old jail has been vacant since that time. The Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence completed in 1907 is the only remaining governmental/law building with integrity that survives from Chariton County's early history.

United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet

Section 9,10 Page 10

Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence
Chariton County, MO

The Chariton Courier, C.P. Vandiver, Editor and Proprietor, Keytesville, MO, Volume XXXV, Number 38 through Volume XXXVII, Number 39.

Friends of Keytesville, Inc. Keytesville 1833 - 1983, 150 Years. Shawnee Mission, KS: KES-PRINT, Inc., 1983.

National Historical Company, St. Louis. History of Howard and Chariton Counties, Missouri. St. Louis, MO: Nixon-Jones Printing Co., 1883.

Ohman, Marian M. Encyclopedia of Missouri Courthouses. Columbia, MO: University of Missouri Columbia Extension Division, 1981.

Pictorial and Biographical Publishing Co. Historical, Pictorial and Biographical Record, of Chariton County, Missouri. Salisbury, MO: Press-Spectator Steam Print, 1896.

The Press-Spectator, Salisbury, MO, Volume XXXV, Number 19 through Volume XXXVII, Number 12.

Harper, Linda Donovan "Heritage of Keytesville" 1983.

Interview with John Weaver, Deputy-sheriff of Chariton County, Missouri from 1971 to 1975.

Ponder, Jerry; and Steven E. Mitchell. "Ripley County Jail, Sheriff's Office and Sheriff's Residence". National Register of Historic Places Registration Form. 1991. Copy on file in Missouri Cultural Resource Inventory, Jefferson City, MO.

GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

Verbal Boundary Description: Lots One and Two in Block Thirteen, Original Town of Keytesville, Chariton County, except a strip of land fifteen feet wide off the north end of said Lots One and Two (from General Warranty Deeds recorded in the Chariton County Recorder's Office in May 18, 1868, June 9, 1871, and March 1927).

Boundary Justification: The boundary of the nominated property contains the two lots historically associated with the jail and sheriff's residence, with the exception of a fifteen foot wide strip removed from the north end of both lots in 1927 for a state highway.

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Continuation Sheet

Section 11 Page 11

Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence
Chariton County, MO

1. Sarah Weaver
Show-Me Mid-Mo Heritage Tourism Inc.
118 Toms Street
Keytesville, MO 65261
816/288-3429
October 8, 1996
original draft, items 1-11

2. Steven E. Mitchell
National Register Coordinator
Department of Natural Resources
Division of State Parks
Historic Preservation Program
P.O. Box 176
Jefferson City, MO 65102
December 4, 1996
Editor, items 1-11

**United States Department of the Interior
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places
Continuation Sheet**

Section photographs Page 12

**Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence
Chariton County, MO**

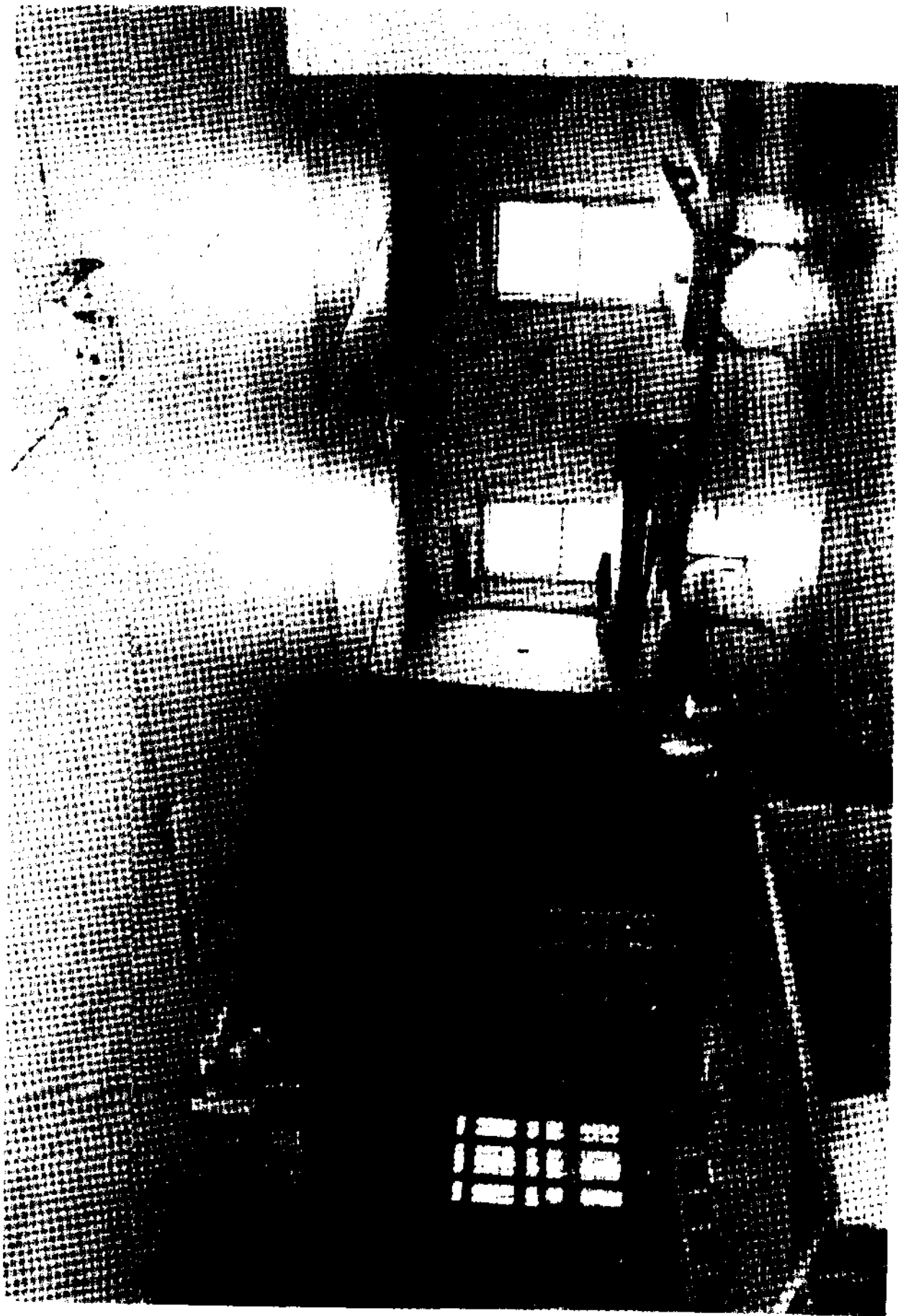
The following information is the same for all photographs:

Chariton County Jail and Sheriff's Residence
305 S. Cherry Street
Keytesville, Chariton County, MO 65261
Date of Photographs: August 31, 1996
Photographer: Sarah Weaver
Negative location: Sarah Weaver
PO Box 40
Keytesville, MO 65261

Description of view and photograph numbers as follows:

1. East elevation of building.
2. South elevation of building.
3. North elevation of building.
4. Interior ceiling in Sheriff's Office showing the tin that covers the concrete form work.
5. Interior showing the original iron banister and stairway along the North wall of the Sheriff's Office. The stairway leads to the second floor jail area.
6. Interior showing the South perimeter walk-way around the cells in the first floor jail area.
7. Interior showing the second floor jail area used to house the trustees. Photo taken from the southeast corner of the room looking toward the northwest corner.
8. Interior showing the pocket doors that separate the Sheriff's dining room from the Sheriff's living room. Photo taken in the northeast corner of the Sheriff's dining room looking toward the south and southwest into the Sheriff's living room.
9. Interior showing the original yellow pine hardwood floor under carpeting in the northeast bedroom on the second floor of the Sheriff's Residence.
10. Interior showing the arched doorway in the wall that separates the two rooms into the basement. Photo taken with view toward the west and southwest and looking into the west room in the basement.





1 2000 3 12 09:02
1 2000 3 12 09:02
1 2000 3 12 09:02

